Hydropower Potential

Facts | Benefits | Growth

Hydro Myths

"The country's hydro resources are tapped out."

"Hydropower is only available in a few places, like the Northwest." "Hydro is not cost-effective."

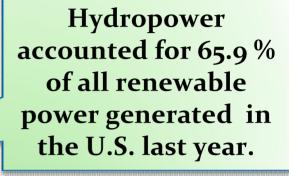
"Hydropower development and river stewardship are not compatible."

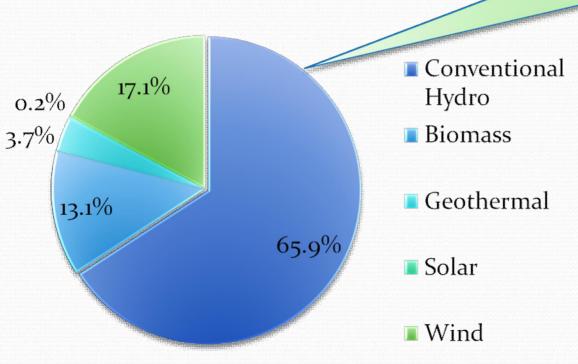
"U.S. hydro plants are all huge."



Availability

U.S. Renewable Power Generation, 2009

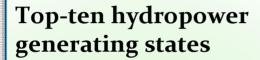




Hydropower is the largest source of renewable electricity generation in the U.S. and made up 7% of overall power generation in 2009.

Source: EIA

Availability



Washington

Oregon

New York

California

Alabama

Idaho

Tennessee

Montana

Arizona

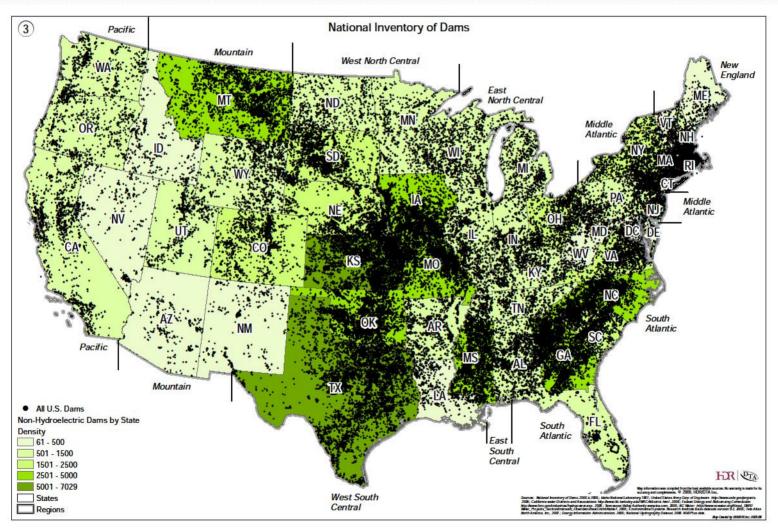
North Carolina

The industry employs up to 300,000 workers around the U.S., from project development to manufacturing to facilities operations and maintenance.

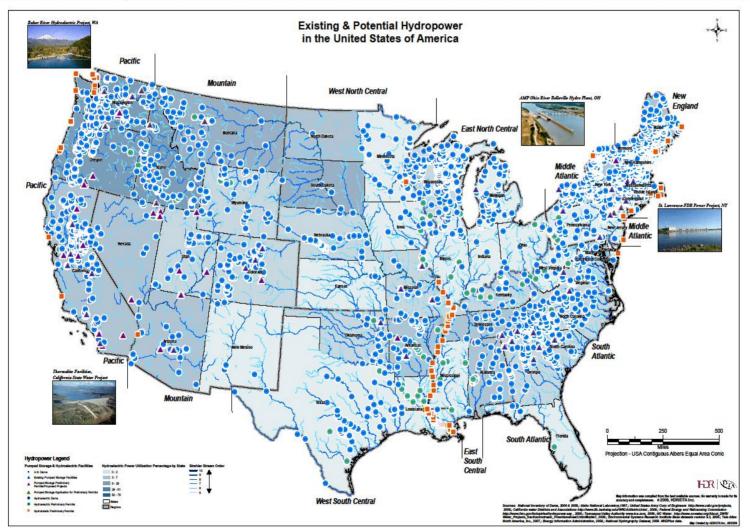
Hydropower is generated in every region and benefits every state.

5

80,000 Dams Across the U.S.



Existing & Potential Hydropower



Growth . . . Without New Dams

Using new technologies and maximizing existing infrastructure, we can significantly expand hydropower capacity without building new dams.



Modernizing existing facilities



Converting Non-Powered Dams



Marine and Hydrokinetic Technologies



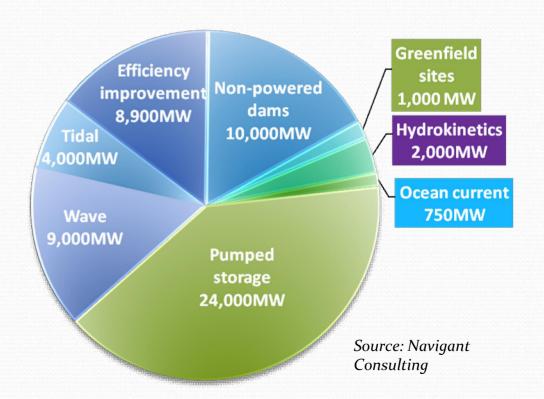
Conduit Technology

Only 3% of the country's approximately 80,000 dams are currently generating electricity.

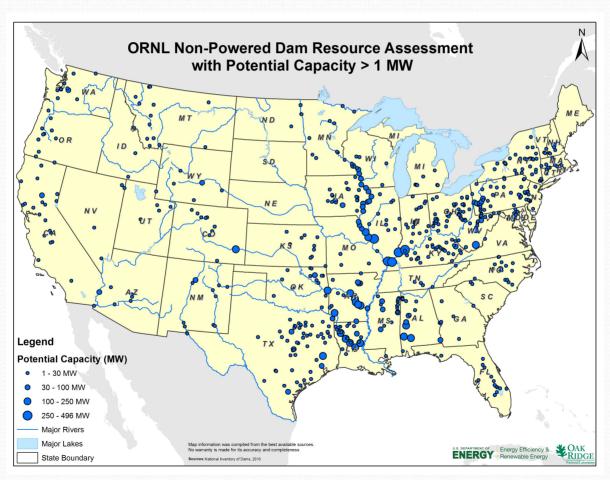
Future availability

With the right policies in place, the U.S. could add 60,000 MW of new hydro capacity by 2025, the vast majority of which can be created without adding new dams.

Hydro Capacity Growth by Technology



DOE/ORNL: Major Growth Opportunity

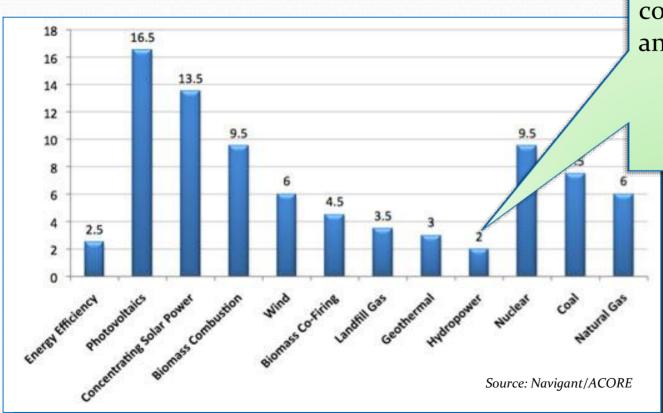




Affordable | Reliable | Sustainable

Affordable

LEVELIZED COST OF ELECTRICITY FOR VARIOUS POWER AND ENERGY EFFICIENCY OPTIONS, ¢/KWH



Hydropower has the lowest levelized cost of electricity of any energy source – even energy efficiency

Clean and Sustainable

The hydropower industry is committed to **better** understanding and mitigating the impacts dams can have on local ecosystems and fish, with hundreds of millions of dollars invested each year in environmental enhancements at hydro facilities.

Using hydropower <u>avoided</u>
<u>approximately 196 million</u>
<u>metric tons of U.S. carbon</u>
<u>pollution</u> in 2009 – equal to
emissions from approximately 38
million cars.

Grid Reliability

Hydropower is a flexible and reliable electricity source. Hydropower's ability to dispatch power immediately makes it an essential back-up during major electricity disruptions.

"[During the blackout,] one relatively large island remained in operation serving about 5,700 MW of demand, mostly in western New York, anchored by the Niagara and St. Lawrence hydro plants.

— US-Canada Power System Outage Task Force report, 2005

Grid support services include...

Frequency Control | Regulation | Load Following | Spinning Reserve | Supplemental Reserve

Energy Storage: Affordable & At Scale

Hydropower pumped storage is one of the few large-scale, affordable means of storing and deploying electricity.

Absorbs excess generation at times of low demand, and releases it during peak demand periods.

An excellent partner for intermittent renewable electricity sources.

The U.S. has more than 20GW of pumped storage capacity today, with facilities in every region of the country.

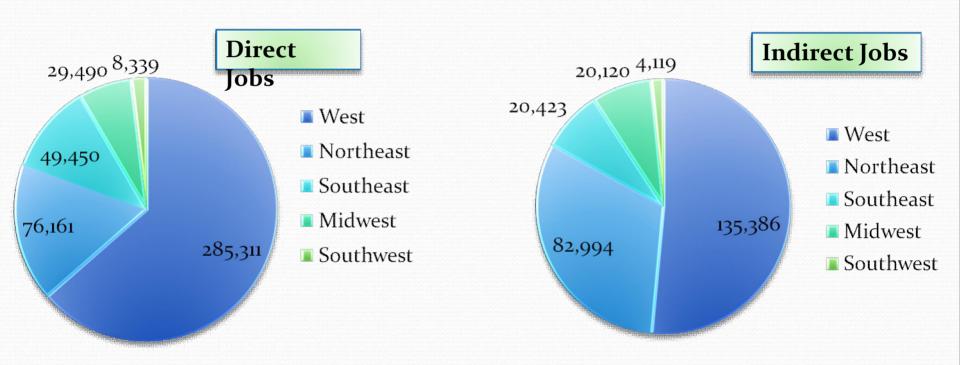
Developers have proposed an additional 31GW.



New Capacity | Job Creation

1.4 Million Potential Jobs by 2025

Cumulative Job Creation by 2025 under a 25% RES



Job Creation Opportunities in Hydropower, Navigant Consulting, 2009

Contacts

Linda Church Ciocci, Executive Director, National Hydropower Association linda@hydro.org Ph. 202.682.1700

Ryan Cunningham, Vice President, Glover Park Group rcunningham@gpgdc.com ph. 202.295.0164

Roger Ballentine, President, Green Strategies roger@greenstrategies.com
ph. 202.328.1123



www.hydro.org